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Inventory Management for Air Force Advanced Academic Degree Officers

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AIR FORCE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Graduate School of Engineering and Management

23 June 2005



Overview

Introduction

- GEMS/AADS Background
- Inventory Modeling Approach

AADIM-E

- Education Profiles
- Quota Recommendations
- AADIM-E Insights

AADIM-U

- Assignment Problem
- Qualification Matrix
- AADIM-U Insights

Conclusions and Future Directions



6/23/05

GEMS/AADS

- Graduate Education Management System (GEMS)
 - Guidance
 - DODD 1322.10, 26 Aug 04
 - Allows each service to manage their own graduate education programs
 - AFI 36-2302 , 11 Jul 01
 - Source document for GEMS
 - Specific unit positions are coded and revalidated at least biannually
 - "Bottom up
 - Projected vacancies are basis for graduate education quotas



GEMS/AADS

- System is well designed to justify education requirements
 - "One billet, one body"
 - Incumbency rates are measurable
 - Service Commitment fulfillment rates are measurable
- System is poorly designed to develop officers
 - Officers move from AAD billet
 - Professional Development
 - Dynamic unit environment
 - AAD billets are not backfilled and commanders will delete AAD coded billets



GEMS/AADS

- "Bottom-Up" approach is problematic
 - Specific billets are coded when actual requirement is for a level of expertise within a unit
 - Not consistent across units, wings, MAJCOMS
 - No grand strategy exists
- Despite design for accountability, GEMS/AADS does not adequately achieve or monitor goals
 - Historical billet incumbency rate: 50-60%
 - Tracking problems, e.g., no credit given for serving in related specialty billets
 - AAD officer payback—most don't complete the 36-month requirement



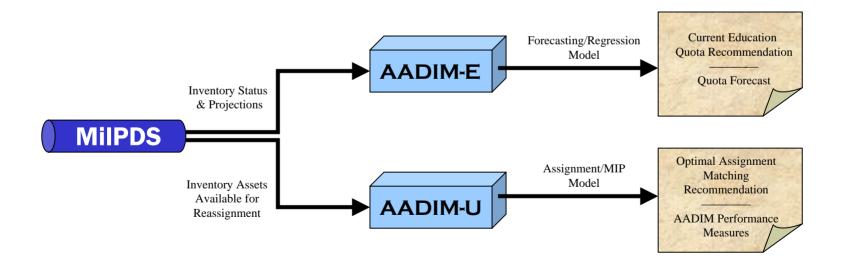
Inventory Management

- Development Teams provide an opportunity to develop a grand strategy
 - "Health" of each career field
 - Centralized guidance from Career Field Managers (CFM)
 - Primary advocate for career field specific and officer development
 - Career field representatives from cross-section of the AF
 - Long-term planning approach
- Developmental Education Initiatives
 - Paradigm Change: Officers are educated to enhance overall development, not just to qualify for the next job
 - IDE: no billet system for assigning these AFIT graduates



Modeling Overview

- Model is partitioned into two sub-models
 - AADIM Entry (AADIM-E)
 - Requirements Definition (aggregate educational profiles)
 - Quota generation for new AAD inventory entries
 - AADIM Utilization (AADIM-U)
 - Assign AAD officers to maintain optimal unit profiles





- Baseline for examination of the current and forecasted AAD inventories
- Two types of educational profiles
 - Career-field critical education
 - Officers obtaining these AADs are inventoried
 - Career-field enhancement education
 - Officers obtaining these AADs are not inventoried

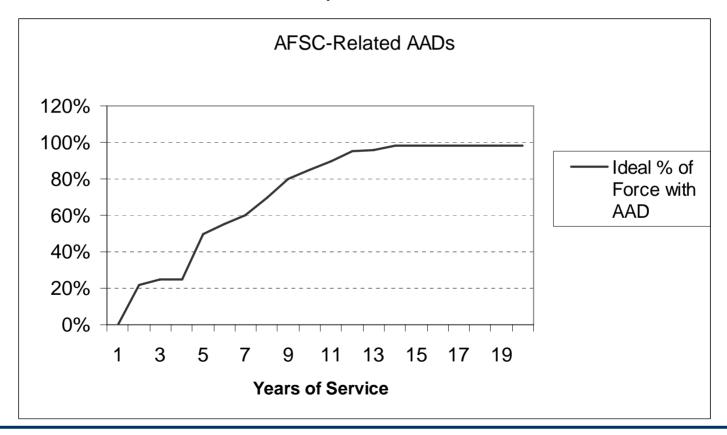


- Two Approaches
 - Senior Rater: "At least x% of my 13S officers should have an advanced degree in a discipline that satisfies an appropriate subset of educational competencies."
 - CFM: "An educationally healthy 13S career field should have y% of its officers with an advanced degree that satisfies an appropriate subset of educational competencies."
- Complimentary approaches yield aggregate profile for each career field
 - Former approach reflects unit requirements, e.g., an ops wing has different needs than a MAJCOM staff
 - Latter approach reflects aggregate time-phased (by CYOS) career field needs





- Example "Idealized Career Field Profile"
 - Each career field is unique, but will have similar functional form



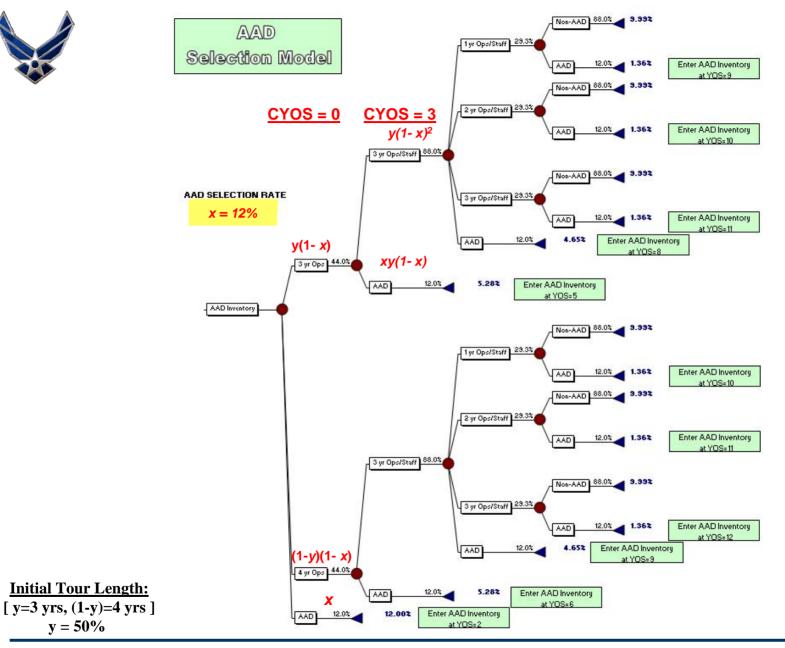


- Assignment sequence of ops/staff tours through CGO years
 - Each time officers are available for assignment a fixed percentage is sent to graduate school
 - Preliminary model assumes a constant "selection rule"
 - Different rules can be utilized for each assignment timing
- Two-directional model
 - "Assignment Rule" yields Notional Profile
 - Desired Notional Profile yields "Assignment Rule"
- Inventory Factor (IF): Percentage of officers holding a career field related AAD for a given CYOS
- Aggregate Idealized Educational Profile (IF)

$$\overline{IF} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} IF(CYOS = i)}{n}$$





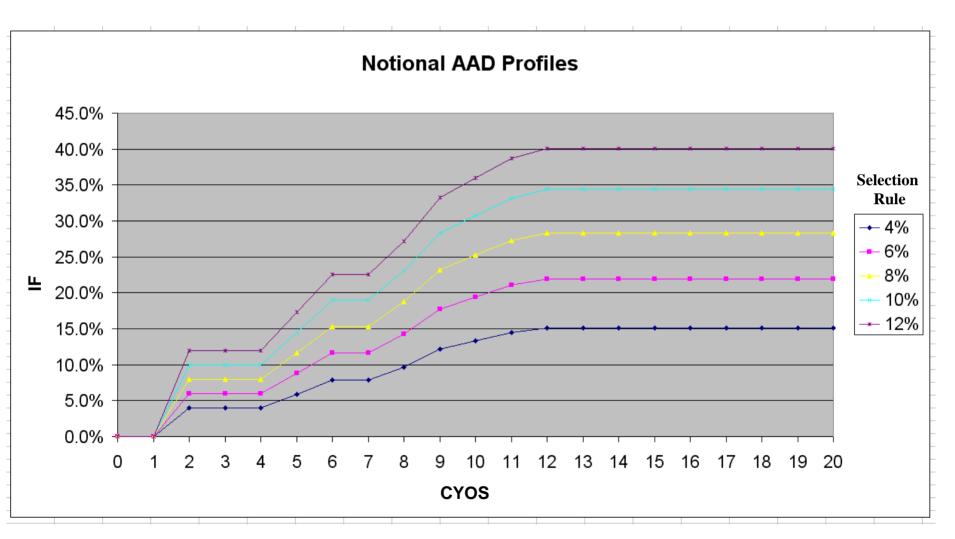




Initial Tour Length:

y = 50%

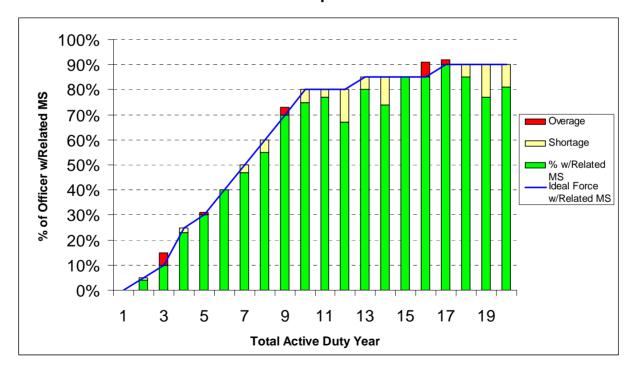






AADIM-E: Quota Recommendation

- Compare "Ideal" with actual MilPDS data
 - Delta between ideal and current profiles indicates educational needs
 - Provides the basis for a quota recommendation





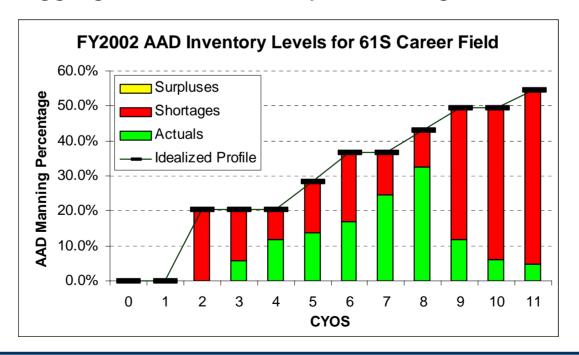
AADIM-E: Quota Recommendation

- Educational assignment alternatives for Inventory Entry
 - Career Field specific needs
 - Officer career timing for entry to AAD inventory
 - Officer preferences (T-OPD)
- Multiple year output—current FY plus projected
 - Requirements visibility facilitates long-term DT, AFPC and AFIT planning, as well as "advertising" to interested officers



Idealized Educational Profile and Actual AAD Inventory for 61S Career Field

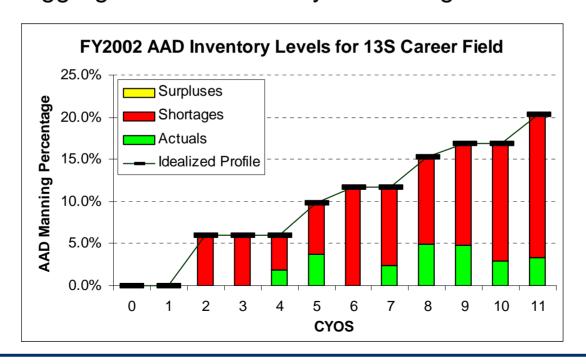
- Percentage selected to attend graduate education each cycle = 20%
- Percentage with initial 3 year assignment = 50%
- IF = 30%
- Actual Aggregate AAD Inventory Percentage for FY02 = 10.6%





Idealized Educational Profile and Actual AAD Inventory for 13S Career Field

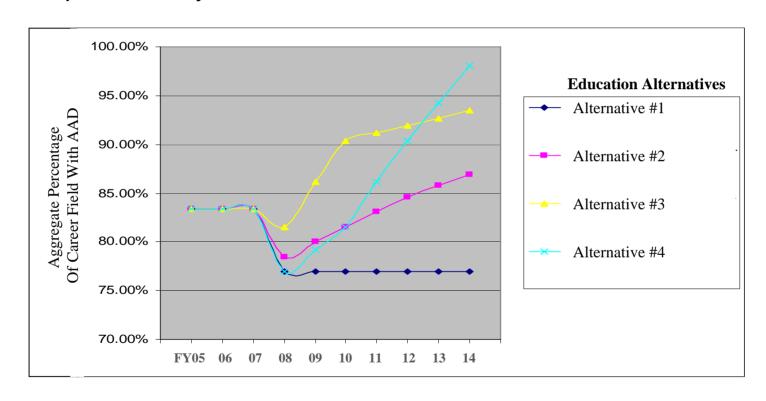
- Percentage selected to attend graduate education each cycle = 6%
- Percentage with initial 3 year assignment = 67%
- IF = 10%
- Actual Aggregate AAD Inventory Percentage for FY02 = 1.7%





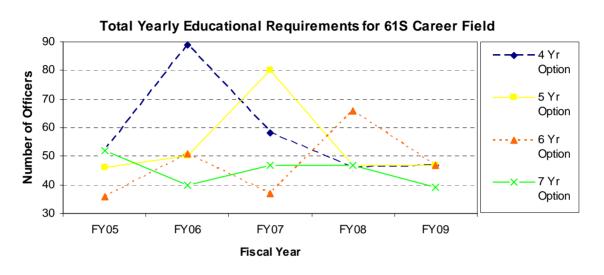


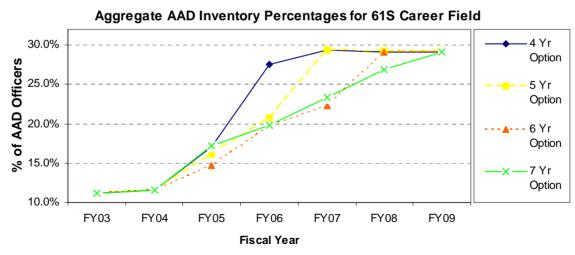
Graphical Analysis of Alternatives





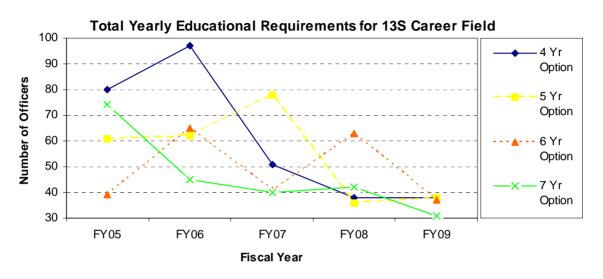
Forecasted Educational Requirements: 61S

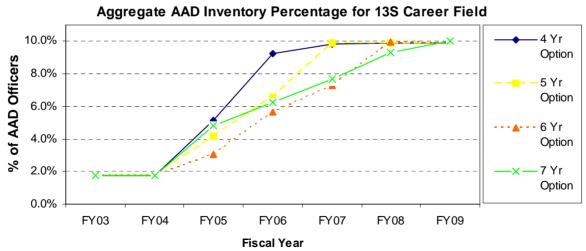






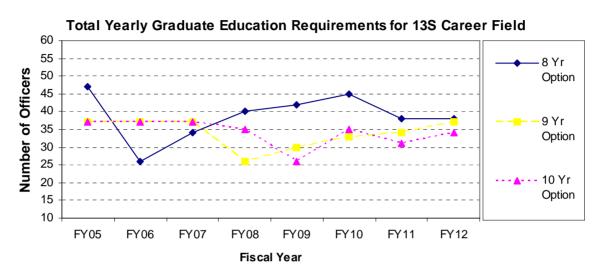
Forecasted Educational Requirements: 13S



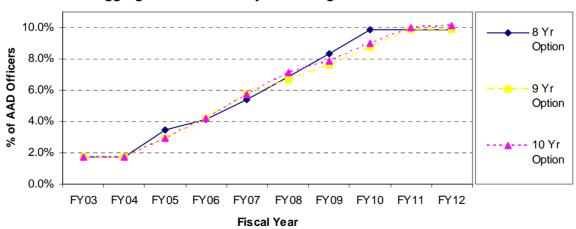




Forecasted Educational Requirements: 13S



Aggregate AAD Inventory Percentage for 13S Career Field







- Data Collection
 - Generate report with current profile status
 - Identify assignment availability of AAD inventory officers
 - Officers identify assignment preferences
- AAD Inventory Management
 - Match AAD officers to potential assignments
 - AAD-Only Assignments: e.g. AFIT Faculty
 - AAD-Profile Assignments: Satisfy unit profile requirements



AADIM-U

- Model should include Measures of Merit to indicate current health of AADIM process
 - % Weighted Average Incumbency of AAD-only assignments
 - % Weighted Average Incumbency of AAD-profile assignments
 - Overall measures and sub-measures by aggregation level and career field
- Model output: "Optimal" assignment recommendations
 - Sensitivity Analysis to show robustness of decision
 - Available "what if" analysis of assignment swaps



AADIM-U Model Development

- Partition assignment characteristics into two categories
 - Required
 - Absolute must-haves
 - Prescreening
 - Grade
 - Security Clearance
 - Desired
 - "Goodness of fit" between an officer and an assignment
 - Desirable Attributes
 - Grade
 - Academic Specialty Code (ASC)
 - Security Clearance
 - Experience Level
 - Training Level
 - DT Vector
 - Officer Preferences





AADIM-U

Modified Assignment problem

maximize
$$\sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{j=1}^{n} p_{j} a_{ij} x_{ij}$$

subject to
$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} x_{ij} \le 1 \ \forall i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{m} x_{ij} \le 1 \ \forall j$$

$$x_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if officer } i \text{ is assigned to assignment } j \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 p_j = relative assignment priority for assignment j $a_{i,j}$ = qualification score for officer i with respect to assignment j



Qualification Matrix, A

Multi-attribute Additive Value Function

$$a_{ij} = V\left\{x_{ij}^{1}, x_{ij}^{2}, ..., x_{ij}^{7}\right\} = \sum_{a=1}^{7} k^{a} v^{a}(x_{ij}^{a}), \quad \forall (i, j)$$

 $a_{i,j}$ = qualification score for officer i with respect to assignment j k^{α} = relative weighting constant for attribute α

- Modeling Assumptions
 - Preferential independence between attributes holds
 - Each attribute has two levels
 - Meet the qualification, $v^{\alpha}(x^{\alpha}) = 1$
 - Does not meet the qualification, $v^{\alpha}(x^{\alpha}) = 0$
 - The weighting constants sum to 1 (Additive Independence)



AADIM-U: Weighting Constants

- Conducted interviews with 61 DT members to examine two sets of weighting constants for the four attribute case
- Performed notional assignment matching experiments

Decision Maker 1

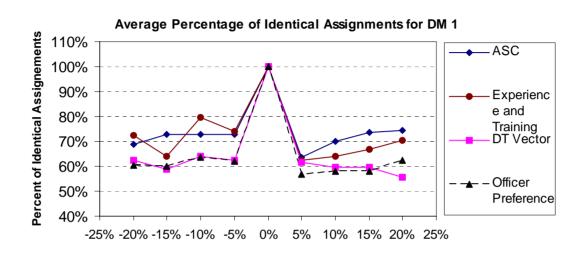
Attribute	Order	k ^α
Experience and Training Level	1	0.444
DT Vector	2	0.222
Officer Preferences	2	0.222
Academic Specialty Code (ASC)	3	0.112

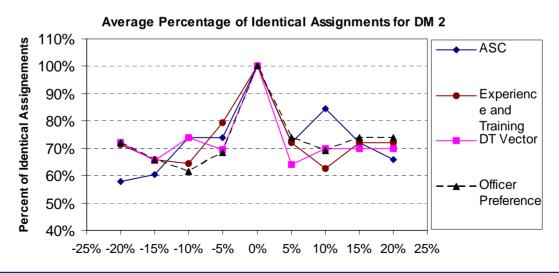
Decision Maker 2

Attribute	Order	kα
Experience and Training Level	1	0.533
Academic Specialty Code (ASC)	2	0.267
DT Vector	3	0.133
Officer Preferences	4	0.067



AADIM-U Sensitivity Analysis







Conclusion

AADIM-E

- Capable of predicting long term education requirements
- Useful to investigate different educational policies
- Increasing the AAD inventory is a long term initiative

AADIM-U

- Provides a tool that matches AAD officers in AAD positions given a qualification score
- The assignment matching is highly sensitive to the weighting constants
- Flexible



Further Research

- Manpower forecasting that does not rely on past policies
- More dynamic options for specifying graduate education policies
- Refinement of Job Qualification scoring tool
- Refinement of Multi-Attribute Value Function Weighting Constants
- Validation using data from actual assignment cycle



AADIM Model Summary

- Aggregation level for educational profiles--recommend Senior Rater ID
 - Senior Rater span of control is similar across AF
- Eliminates management of individual AAD <u>billets</u>
 - Key shortfall of current system
 - Compliance Issues with DODD 1322.10 and AFI36-2302
- Flexibility to assign new AAD inventory officers



AADIM Model Summary

- Flexibility for internal reassignments
 - Adaptability to rapidly changing unit requirements and missions
 - Supports officer development (e.g., progression from entrylevel to supervisory positions)



Where To Next?

- Conceptual Approval
- Data Requirements
 - Preliminary 13S educational profiles
 - Current 13S-related AAD billets
 - 13S CFM & Development Team inputs
 - Current 13S AAD personnel assignments
 - By grade, YOS, and time-on-station (TOS)
- Model Development
 - AADIM-E
 - AADIM-M



Where To Next?

- Comparison with 15W (Weather) Career Field
 - Education Goals are satisfied using current GEMS
- Career Field Guides
 - Add "technical & educational competencies"
 - Set expectation for officers to pursue advanced education



